



NURSE-FAMILY PARTNERSHIP: AN EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAM

EVIDENCE-BASED POLICY AND PROGRAM IMPACT

Evidence of effectiveness from randomized, controlled trials is often not required for public health programs. This idea is changing as policymakers, public health officials and the communities they serve increasingly demand proven approaches for addressing public health issues – fueling a rising interest in evidence-based government policies and programs.

The most significant aspect of program effectiveness is impact – what is the outcome of the program that otherwise would not have occurred without the program intervention? A growing body of research in the social and behavioral sciences has demonstrated that certain approaches and strategies for working with young children and their families can positively impact major societal problems.

“Main conclusion: Rigorous studies support the effectiveness of the Nurse-Family Partnership.”

– The Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy

RESEARCH CRITERIA

Randomized, controlled trials are generally the highest quality, unbiased evaluation to demonstrate the actual impact and effectiveness of a program. In order to be identified as an evidence-based program the following research criteria must be met¹:

- Evaluation research shows that the program produces the expected positive results
- The results can be attributed to the program itself, rather than to other extraneous factors or events
- The evaluation is peer-reviewed by experts in the field
- The program is “endorsed” by a federal agency or respected research organization and included in their list of effective programs

Nurse-Family Partnership meets all four of these criteria.

THE COALITION FOR EVIDENCE-BASED POLICY

Evidence-based policy is public policy informed by the results of scientifically designed studies that show conclusively that an approach is effective. The nonprofit, nonpartisan Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy (CEBP) provides policymakers and practitioners with clear, actionable information on programs that work, as demonstrated in these studies. The programs identified by the organization set the standard for future public investment committed to solving social problems.

In an August 2011 report, the CEBP rated eight models available to states through the Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) program. Nurse-Family Partnership[®] (NFP) was the only model ranked as having a “strong” level of confidence that it will produce meaningful improvements for society.²

An expert review panel convened by the Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy found that NFP meets the Congressional “Top Tier” evidence standard: Interventions shown in well-designed and implemented randomized, controlled trials, preferably conducted in typical community settings, to produce sizable, sustained benefits to participants and/or society. NFP is the only early childhood intervention program with “Top Tier” ranking.³

1. What Works, Wisconsin - Research to Practice Series, Issue 6, October 2007. University of Madison

2. <http://coalition4evidence.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Review-of-8-hv-models-Aug-2011-FINAL.pdf>

3. <http://toptierevidence.org/>

EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAM RESOURCES

Polymakers are increasingly looking for sound information to help them make smart decisions about evidence-based policy. The following resources provide accessible guidance on evidence-based programs:

- **Home Visiting Evidence of Effectiveness (HomVEE Review):** Conducted by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and Mathematica Policy Research per the requirements of the federal Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) program, the HomVEE study provides information on which home visiting models have demonstrated evidence of effectiveness as defined by the MIECHV statute and HHS. <http://homvee.acf.hhs.gov/>
- **Standards of Evidence as outlined by the Society for Prevention Research:** The Society for Prevention Research is committed to the advancement of science-based prevention programs and policies through empirical research. The Standards of Evidence book, developed by a committee of prevention scientists appointed by the Society of Prevention Research, provides the requisite criteria that must be met for preventive interventions to be judged, tested and efficacious. www.preventionresearch.org/StandardsofEvidencebook.pdf
- **The President's FY2015 Budget and 2014 Economic Report:** Provides strong endorsements and guidelines for rigorous evaluations to improve federal programs and also highlights the Administration's evidence-based initiatives. www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/docs/full_2014_economic_report_of_the_president.pdf and www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/budget/fy2015/assets/management.pdf
- **Chairman Paul Ryan (R-WI):** Highlights evidence-based approaches, such as the federal MIECHV program, as part of the U.S. House Budget Committee's anti-poverty agenda entitled, Expanding Opportunity in America. http://budget.house.gov/uploadedfiles/expanding_opportunity_in_america.pdf
- **U.S. Department of Education Institute of Education Sciences:** The U.S. Department of Education developed a guide, "Identifying and Implementing Educational Practices Supported by Rigorous Evidence," to provide educational practitioners with tools to distinguish practices supported by rigorous evidence from those that are not. The tools help practitioners to identify evidence-based interventions and to help them make major improvements in their schools and, collectively, in American education. www.ed.gov/rschstat/research/pubs/rigorousetid/rigorousetid.pdf
- **Blueprints for Violence Prevention:** The Blueprints for Violence Prevention is a project of the Center for the Study and Prevention of Violence at the University of Colorado. The Blueprints mission is to identify truly outstanding violence and drug prevention programs that meet a high scientific standard of effectiveness. In doing so, Blueprints serves as a resource for governments, foundations, businesses and other organizations trying to make informed judgments about their investments in violence and drug prevention programs. Blueprints reviewed over 650 programs with published research in peer-reviewed literature and found Nurse-Family Partnership is one of only 6% of the programs that clearly work, or even appear promising. www.colorado.edu/cspv/blueprints/modelprograms.html



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